



Mineral Supply Chain Due Diligence Assessment

Summary Report

Assessed Party	PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy
Assessment Date	12/06/2023-12/07/2023
Assessed Material	Nickel
LME-listed Brand	DX-zwdx
Assessment Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main Assessment <input type="checkbox"/> Tracking Assessment
Assessment Result	<input type="checkbox"/> AAA <input type="checkbox"/> AA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C
Assessment Firm	China Quality Mark Certification Group Co.,Ltd.
Assessor	Wei Zongping

Instruction

Objective

This assessment program is an independent third-party assessment conducted by China Chamber of Commerce of Metals, Minerals & Chemicals Importers & Exporters (CCCMC) based on *Chinese Due Diligence Guidelines for Mineral Supply Chain (Second Edition)*, aiming to assess the performance of the company's due diligence management system and process, and support the company to identify the gaps that need further improvements and develop corresponding improvement measures.

Basis of the Assessment

The assessment is based on *Chinese Due Diligence Guidelines for Mineral Supply Chain (Second Edition)*, hereinafter referred to as *the Guidelines*. The companies shall meet the content of "Companies should" in *the Guidelines*. "Companies should" refers to specific requirements of *the Guidelines* for companies' due diligence management, as well as the specific refinement of the requirements, which is consistent with the *OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (Third Edition)*.

Explanation of Conformity Degree

Conformity: Indicates that the company's management system, policies, procedures or processes meet the requirements of corresponding provisions of *the Guidelines*.

Need improvement: Indicates that the company's management system, policies, procedures or processes partially meet the requirements of corresponding provisions of *the Guidelines*, but lack some necessary elements or content, or can not prove or lack evidence to prove that they are substantively functional, and further measures are needed to improve its performance.

Non-conformity: Indicates that the company's management system, policies, procedures, or processes cannot meet the requirements of corresponding provisions of *the Guidelines*, resulting in systematic and repetitive non-conformities.

Not applicable: Indicates that corresponding provisions of *the Guidelines* do not apply to the Company.

Zero tolerance: If any of the following situations occurs, it is a "zero tolerance" situation.

1. Misrepresentation, deliberately forging false evidence or vouchers;
2. Any form of support for illegal control, or illegal taxation and extortion by non-state armed groups;
3. Any form of torture, cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment;
4. Directly cause or contribute to forced or compulsory labor;
5. Cause or contribute to widespread sexual violence;
6. The worst forms of child labor;
7. War crimes or other serious violations of international humanitarian law, crimes against humanity or genocide;
8. Other situations generally considered unacceptable.

Explanation of Assessment Results

The overall assessment result is based on the percentages of "non-conformity" items and "need improvement" items. The China Chamber of Commerce of Metals, Minerals & Chemical Importers & Exporters (CCCMC) provides the following suggestions on the assessment results:

Level AAA: There is no "non-conformity" items, indicating that the company has excellent supply chain due diligence management performance.

Level AA: the percentage of "Need improvement" items does not exceed 15% of all applicable items, and the percentage of "non-conformity" items does not exceed 5% of all applicable items.

Level A: the percentage of "Need improvement" items does not exceed 25% of all applicable items, and the percentage of "non-conformity"

items does not exceed 10% of all applicable items.

Level B: the percentage of "Need improvement" items does not exceed 35% of all applicable items, and the percentage of "non-conformity" items does not exceed 20% of all applicable items.

Level C: The above level cannot be reached or there is any "zero tolerance" situation.

Description of Assessment Type

The assessment is divided into main assessment and tracking assessment. The main assessment needs to be carried out once a year. The tracking assessment is conducted every six months or during the re-assessment (main assessment) based on the conformity degree and assessment results.

1. Assessed Party

Company Name	PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy			
Refinery	PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy			
Location	Province/ municipality	Provinsi Sulawesi Tengah, Indonesia	City	Morowali
Profile Number	DDMSC-IDNi0036			

2. Assessment Results

Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main Assessment		<input type="checkbox"/> Tracking Assessment		
Result	<input type="checkbox"/> Level AAA	<input type="checkbox"/> Level AA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Level A	<input type="checkbox"/> Level B	<input type="checkbox"/> Level C

3. Assessment Scope

Materials	Nickel
LME-listed Brand	DX-zwdx



CCCCMC

Types of Materials	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mine materials <input type="checkbox"/> Recycled materials <input type="checkbox"/> Both
Assessment Period	<input type="checkbox"/> 12 months: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Less than 12 months: (07/01/2023-11/30/2023, 5 months)

4. Summary of Assessment Results

Assessment Result	A
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Step 1: Establishing A Corporate Due Diligence System	
Develop and adopt due diligence policy.	PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy Co., Ltd. is a holding subsidiary of CNGR Advanced Material Co. Ltd (hereinafter referred to as the Group Company). According to the corporate regulations, the <i>Due Diligence Policy for Responsible Global Mineral Supply Chain</i> formulated and approved by the Group Company, applies to PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy Co., Ltd.; and the Policy complies with the requirements of the <i>Chinese Due Diligence Guidelines for Mineral Supply Chain</i> .
Structure appropriate internal management systems.	The Group Company has established a Sustainable Development Committee and set up a Sustainable Development Office, which is directly responsible for the due diligence management of mineral supply chain of the PT CNGR Ding Xing New Energy Co., Ltd. Relevant responsibilities are assigned to specific management and employees. However, the Group Company needs to further strengthen its efforts in the distribution of responsibilities as well as capacity building of subordinate companies.
Establish a system of controls and	The Company has established a supply chain control and transparency system, formulated control

transparency over the supply chain.	documents, such as <i>Warning Sign Review Procedure</i> , <i>Know Your Supplier (KYS) Questionnaire</i> and <i>Supplier's Mineral Source Questionnaire</i> , to collect traceability information of the Company's mineral supply chain.
Strengthen engagement with suppliers.	The Company delivers its supply chain due diligence requirements by requiring its suppliers to sign the <i>Due Diligence Policy for Responsible Global Mineral Supply Chain</i> and <i>Supplier Code of Conduct</i> . The Company maintains close communication with its suppliers, actively promotes suppliers to participate in due diligence actions at the industry level. However, the Company needs to further strengthen its efforts in assisting suppliers in capacity building and improving their due diligence performance, to enhance suppliers' response to the Company's due diligence requirements.
Establish a company level grievance mechanism and/or participate an industrial level grievance mechanism.	The Company has established and released the <i>Administrative Procedure of Social Responsibility Grievances</i> , to provide channels for stakeholders to express their concerns. In addition, the Company has also identified grievance mechanisms at the industry level, and made commitment to participate in such mechanisms.
Step 2: Risk Identification and Assessment	
Conduct warning signs review, and identify the scope of the risk assessment of the mineral supply chain based on the results of warning signs review.	The Company has formulated the <i>Measures for Identification and Mitigation of Due Diligence Risks of Mineral Supply Chain</i> , which clarifies the CAHRAs (the conflict-affected and high-risk areas) identification procedure; and carried out warning sign review of suppliers accordingly. The Company has implemented information verification procedure; and information has been verified through the Know Your Supplier (KYS) Questionnaire submitted by its suppliers, and supplier's mineral source questionnaire. However, the Company needs to further improve the traceability of mineral supply chains.
When warning signs are identified, companies shall conduct an on-the-ground assessment of the corresponding supply chain.	Through the review process, no warning signs have been identified in the supply chain during this assessment period.

Assess risks in the supply chain.	The Company has conducted supply chain risks assessment, and compiled the assessment findings.
Step 3: Risk Prevention and Mitigation	
Report risk assessment results internally.	The Company's risk assessment results can be reported to senior managers.
Develop and adopt risk management plan.	The Company has formulated and approved the <i>List of Risk Mitigation Countermeasures</i> , which includes risk management monitoring indicators and measurable risk mitigation strategies.
Implement risk management plan, monitor and track performance of risk mitigation strategies.	The Company works with stakeholders to promote the implementation of risk mitigation measures and regularly monitor and track the effectiveness of those mitigation measures. However, during the implementation of the <i>Risk Management Plan</i> , it is necessary to further strengthen cooperation between the Company and relevant parties such as suppliers, peers and industry organizations to fully leverage industry influence, and promote partners at the supply chain source to jointly improve due diligence management performance.
Supplementary assessment of risks that need to be mitigated. Supplementary assessment can also be conducted after actual circumstances have changed.	The Company needs to further enhance its understanding and recognition of the situation that, additional assessment for risks to be mitigated shall be conducted after implementing the <i>Risk Management Plan</i> .
Step 4: Internal and External Assessment	
Companies should establish internal assessment system, to continuously monitor and manage due diligence performance.	The Company has established an internal assessment team and conducted internal assessment. However, further improvement is needed in terms of establishing an internal assessment system and formulating an internal assessment plan.
Companies should designate the second or third party to conduct assessment when applicable.	This assessment is the third-party independent assessment of nickel supply chain due diligence management that the Company has participated in.

<p>When necessary, the company at the key points (smelters/refiners) makes necessary disclosures on the assessment results.</p>	<p>The Company made commitment to release the <i>Summary Report of Supply Chain Due Diligence Assessment</i> to the public.</p>
<p>Step 5: Reporting and Communication</p>	
<p>Develop due diligence progress report</p>	<p>The Company compiled the <i>Report on Mineral Supply Chain Due Diligence of Indonesia Region 2023</i>.</p>
<p>With due regard to business confidentiality and other competitive concerns, companies should publish due diligence progress reports or summary.</p>	<p>The Company released the <i>Report on Mineral Supply Chain Due Diligence of Indonesia Region 2023</i> on its official website. Link: http://www.cngrgf.com.cn/Upload/Template/web/Files/202312/1889902e-2f7f-410f-b602-58df03a9f123.pdf</p>
<p>Step 6: Provide for or Cooperate in Remediation When Appropriate</p>	
<p>When the company recognize that it has caused or contributed to actual adverse impacts, they should mitigate these impacts by providing for or cooperating in remediation when appropriate.</p>	<p>N/A</p>
<p>Companies provide conditions or cooperate with existing remedial mechanisms in a timely manner.</p>	<p>N/A</p>